

5. Why is the boy interested in the library?
- A. Because it is near an APM Line.
 - B. Because he can help himself there.
 - C. Because it's not far from his school.
6. What would the boy try to do later?
- A. To take the APM Line.
 - B. To invite the girl to go with him.
 - C. To borrow some CDs.

听下面一段对话，回答第 7-9 三个小题。

7. Where is the cartoon Backkom from?
- A. China.
 - B. North Pole.
 - C. Korea.
8. What does the girl think of the cartoon Backkom?
- A. Boring.
 - B. Funny.
 - C. Wonderful.
9. Which of the following statements is true according to the dialogue?
- A. Alan has watched the cartoon Backkom before.
 - B. Alan will prepare for his math test tonight.
 - C. Alan is going to watch the cartoon Backkom this evening.

听下面一段对话，回答第 10-12 题。

10. What did the American family do when Peter arrived?
- A. They held a great welcome party.
 - B. They prepared a big meal for Peter.
 - C. They showed Peter around the house.
11. What surprised Peter?
- A. He was given nothing to eat.
 - B. The family was not friendly.
 - C. The family told him everything.
12. From the dialogue, what can we know about the host family?
- A. The couple were impolite.
 - B. The couple were helpful.
 - C. The couple were mean.

听下面一段独白，回答第 13—15 三个小题。

13. What is this message mainly about?
 A. A basketball team. B. A sports TV program. C. A basketball club.
14. When does the club meet?
 A. On Wednesday evening. B. On Sunday morning. C. On Saturday evening.
15. How much money can you save if you pay for the club monthly?
 A. \$ 10. B. \$ 12. C. \$ 26.

第二节 听取信息（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面一段独白，请根据题目要求，从所听到的内容中获取必要的信息，填入答题卡标号为A~E的空格中。听录音前，你将有 15 秒钟的阅题时间。录音播放两遍。你将有 80 秒钟的作答时间。

The Voice of School

Time It's (A).

About music:

- ★ It can help you be more active and help you (B) worries.
- ★ Some (C) think the classical music makes them feel richer.
- ★ Some young people like (D) music because it makes them do things more quickly.
- ★ Most teenagers like (E) music best.

Let's enjoy Baby from Justin Bieber.

二、语言知识及运用（共两节，满分20分）

第一节 单项选择（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

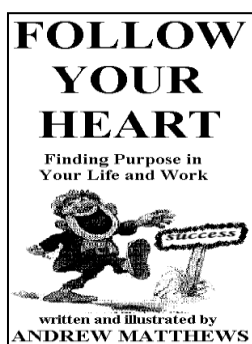
从 16~25 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

16. —When did this moving story happened?
 —It happened _____ the morning of March 3rd.
 A. in B. at C. on D. till
17. The driving license exam is difficult. I don't think _____ can pass it.
 A. everybody B. nobody C. somebody D. anybody
18. — Can I take my camera into the museum?
 — I'm sorry. You _____ put it here before entering.
 A. must B. should C. can D. may
19. — Jane got good results in all her school subjects this term.

- So she did. She studies _____ in our class.
- A. hard B. hardest C. bad D. worst
20. It has rained a lot these days. No one knows _____ it will be sunny or not tomorrow.
- A. if B. that C. whether D. how
21. — Why didn't you answer the phone?
- I'm sorry. I _____ a bath at that time.
- A. was taking B. took C. has taken D. am taking
22. — Do you know _____ Guangzhou with his family?
- Next week.
- A. when does Mr. Brown visit B. when will Mr. Brown visit
- C. when Mr. Brown visits D. when Mr. Brown will visit
23. — What is it? It looks strange.
- It's a pen. It _____ to write on my Samsung Galaxy Note.
- A. use B. is used C. uses D. is using
24. _____ people are sending and receiving text messages everyday.
- A. Million of B. Several million of
- C. Millions of D. Several millions
25. — What are you doing on the Internet, Jack?
- I'm looking for some information about animals _____ I need for my project.
- A. who B. where C. what D. which

第二节：语法选择（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，从 26-35 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。



As teenagers, you have many dreams. These dreams can be very big, such as winning the Nobel Prize, 26 they can be small. You may just want to become one of the top ten students in your class.

Once you find a dream, what do you do with it? Do you ever try to make your dream 27?

Follow Your Heart, by Australian writer Andrew Matthews, tells us that making our dreams come true is life's biggest challenge.

You may think you're not very good at some school subjects, or that it is impossible for you 28 a writer. These kinds of thoughts prevent you from reaching your dream, the book says.

In fact, everyone can make 29 dream come true. 30 first thing you must do is to

remember the dream in your mind.

Don't let it leave your heart. Keep 31 yourself what you want. Do this step by step and your dream will come true faster because a big dream is made up of many small ones.

There 32 difficulties on the road to your dreams. But the biggest one 33 from yourself. You need to decide which is the most important. Studying instead of watching TV will lead 34 better exam results, while saving five yuan instead of buying an ice cream means you can buy a new book. As you get 35 to your dream, it may change a little. This is good as you have the chance to learn more skills and find new interests.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 26. A. as | B. but | C. for | D. or |
| 27. A. real | B. reality | C. really | D. realize |
| 28. A. becomes | B. to become | C. becoming | D. become |
| 29. A. his | B. its | C. their | D. him |
| 30. A. A | B. Some | C. The | D. / |
| 31. A. to tell | B. tells | C. telling | D. told |
| 32. A. will be | B. will have | C. have | D. has |
| 33. A. come | B. has come | C. came | D. comes |
| 34. A. by | B. to | C. in | D. with |
| 35. A. closely | B. closing | C. closed | D. closer |

三、完形填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分; 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 36-45 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑

Saturday, June 16th

In the morning, we went camping along a path in Green Natural Park. We were happy because it was a 36 day. We were expecting an enjoyable two-day holiday. On the way, we kept singing and making jokes.

However, in the afternoon, when we finished our 37 at one o'clock, it was dark and windy. Soon, there was a shower. Unluckily, none of us brought 38. We ran about but we could find no place to hide.

Twenty minutes passed and it was still raining. There were 39 to go before we reached the campsite (野营地). It was even worse that our small compass (指南针) showed that we went to the wrong way. We got 40!

We had to make a quick 41 as it was raining heavily. Chris said we could set up a tent to hide in, so Mary and Tom helped to set up the tent. Chris and I tried to make a fire to keep us

42 _____. But we were unable to light the fire, as everything was _____ 43 _____. We dried ourselves, chatted and waited inside the tent. At about five o'clock, it stopped raining. We decided to _____ 44 _____ the camping trip because all of us had been very tired.

This camping trip may not be very _____ 45 _____ but we know each other better. And the most important thing I've learned from this trip is the importance of team spirit.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 36. A. rainy | B. sunny | C. snowy | D. windy |
| 37. A. work | B. trip | C. supper | D. lunch |
| 38. A. an umbrella | B. a map | C. a phone | D. a watch |
| 39. A. months | B. minutes | C. hours | D. days |
| 40. A. happy | B. lost | C. excited | D. bored |
| 41. A. decision | B. look | C. answer | D. list |
| 42. A. clean | B. cool | C. warm | D. cold |
| 43. A. dry | B. broken | C. dirty | D. wet |
| 44. A. go on | B. give up | C. put off | D. insist on |
| 45. A. valuable | B. useful | C. boring | D. successful |

四、阅读理解（共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

(A)

Once a tiger was in a cage. Soon a man went by. As soon as the tiger saw him, the tiger began to cry, "Please, let me out."

"No," said the man. "If I do, you will eat me."

"I will not eat you. Please let me out." the tiger said.

At last, the man believed it. When the tiger jumped out, it roared at the man and was ready to eat him.

"Wait!" the man cried. "You ought not to eat me. Let us ask others what they think."

"OK. You may ask three others." the tiger said.

The man asked a tree. The tree said, "I give shade (树荫). And yet I am cut down. Let the tiger eat you."

Next, the good man asked a bird. The bird said, "I hurt no one. Yet people hunt and kill me. Let the tiger eat you."

The man asked a road. The road said, "I don't care if the tiger eats you. People could not get along too well without me. Yet all day and all night people step on me without even a 'thank you'."

The tiger was ready to eat the good man. Just then a dog came by. The man told the dog the whole story.

“I don’t understand,” said the dog. “The tiger wants to eat you because you put him in a cage?”

“No, no,” said the man. “Some other men put him in a cage.”

“Oh! He is going to eat you because you do not have a cage.” the dog said.

“Silly dog!” the tiger cried. “Don’t you understand? I was in the cage. This man let me out.”

“Oh, I see, when the man was in the cage, you let him out.” the dog said.

“I was in the cage!” the tiger cried. “In this way!” With that, he jumped back into the cage.

At once, the dog closed the cage. “Oh, I understand!” the dog laughed. The man and the dog walked off. The tiger looked sad in the cage. If he waited long enough, perhaps another good man would come by.

46. Why did the tiger cry when it saw the man?

- A. He wanted to get out of the cage
- B. He wanted to eat the man.
- C. He was too hungry to walk.
- D. The man wanted to kill it.

47. What did the tiger do when it jumped out of the cage?

- A. He thanked the man a lot.
- B. He tried to eat the man.
- C. He walked off with the man.
- D. He ran away as soon as possible.

48. According to the article, who disagreed to eat the man?

- A. The tree.
- B. The road.
- C. The dog.
- D. The bird.

49. What do you think of the man?

- A. Mean.
- B. Brave.
- C. Clever.
- D. Kind.

50. What would happen to the dog at last?

- A. The dog would let the tiger out.
- B. The dog would be killed by the tiger.
- C. The dog would be eaten by the man.
- D. The dog would make friends with the man.

(B)

One afternoon, in Paris, I took a trip to an art museum while waiting for my husband to finish a business meeting. **I was looking forward to a quiet view of some great paintings.**

A young couple, looking at the paintings in front of me, were talking non-stop. I watched them a moment and decided she was doing all the talking. In fact, I was surprised at this man for putting up with (忍受) her non-stop speech. Bored by their noise, I moved on.

I met them several times as I moved through those rooms of art. Each time I heard her voice, I

moved away at once.

I was standing at the museum gift shop buying some cards when the couple walked to the exit.

“He’s a brave man,” said the shop assistant. “Most of us would give up if we became blind at such a young age. But he and his wife come in whenever there’s a new art show.”

It explained the non-stop talk! A sudden sense of shame came to my heart for what I was thinking just now. “But what does he get from the art?” I asked.

“His wife describes each painting so he can see it in his head.”

At that moment I realized what patience, courage and love are. I saw the patience of a young wife who described paintings to a person who can’t see, and the courage of a husband who would not allow blindness change his love towards art. And I felt the love shared by the two as I watched them walking away holding each other’s hands.

51. How did the writer feel in the beginning when hearing the woman’s talking?

- A. Surprised B. Bored C. Excited D. Happy

52. What does the underlined sentence in **Paragraph 1** mean?

- A. The writer was waiting for somebody.
B. The writer was a silent person.
C. The writer was looking for some great paintings.
D. The writer wanted to enjoy some great paintings quietly.

53. Why did the wife keep talking while enjoying the art with the husband?

- A. Because she was too excited to keep silent.
B. Because she preferred talking to watching.
C. Because she had to explain everything to her husband.
D. Because she liked to show herself in front of others.

54. What did the writer think of the woman at last?

- A. She was active. B. She was patient.
C. She was blind. D. She was brave.

55. The passage mainly shows us _____.

- A. what patience, courage and love are
B. how to watch paintings
C. how art changes people’s life
D. how friendly the woman is

(C)

You may not have heard the words “**freshman fifteen**” before, but they are very important for students who are entering university. A freshman is a first-year college student. “Fifteen” refers to fifteen pounds—the fifteen pounds added to a student’s weight in his or her first year. There are a number of reasons why first-year university students gain (增加) weight. But it’s encouraging to know that freshmen don’t have to add these harmful fifteen pounds.

Mistakes choosing food

University kitchens serve many kinds of food. Some students choose unhealthy food, because now their parents are not nearby to help them choose. Some students visit the kitchen many times while studying. Late at night, some students get harmful fast food such as fish and chips with Coke to drink. Students also have less time for walking, running, and doing sports because of their schoolwork.

Eating right

If you are careful, you don’t have to add fifteen pounds. Here are some ideas:

- Think more about what you eat.
- Eat plenty of vegetables and healthy meats.
- Don’t eat desserts full of sugar, have fruit after dinner.
- Try not to eat so much unhealthy food while you study.
- It’s all right to have a little fast food sometimes—but not often.
- Write down the foods you eat.
- Walk, run, do sports—move and you will feel better!

Remember that the “freshman fifteen” can happen to anyone. Talk to your friends about it. Together, try to eat healthy food and not to eat unhealthy food. Walking, running, and playing sports are always more fun with friends. Help each other and you can have a healthy and happy freshman year.

56. The “**freshman fifteen**” is _____.

- A. weight that high school students gain
- B. weight that first-year university students may gain
- C. fifteen pounds of food that first-year students eat
- D. fifteen students who eat unhealthy food

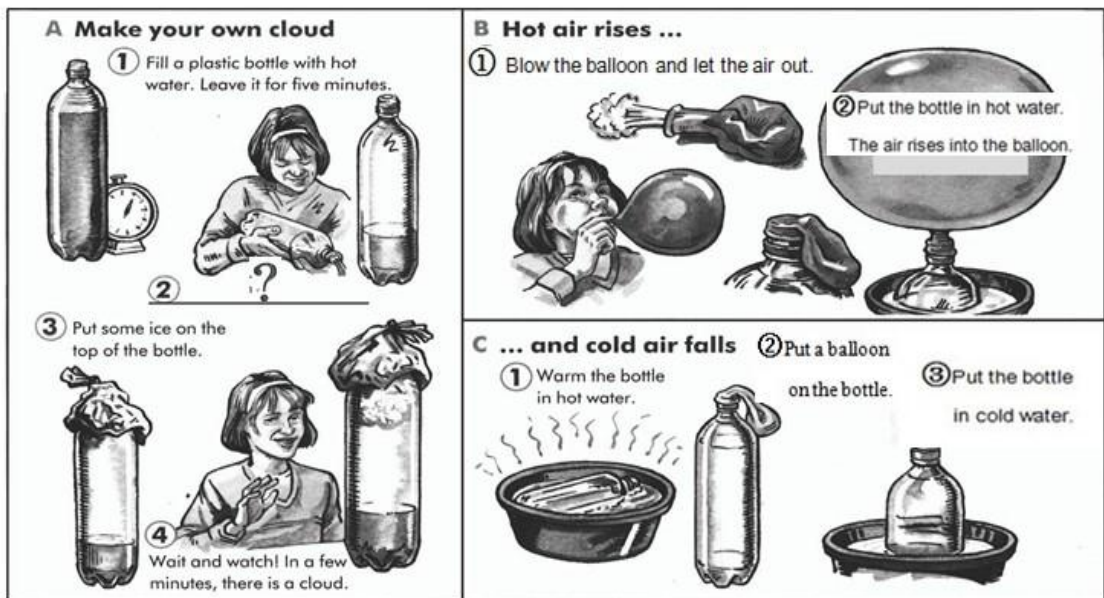
57. What’s the purpose of writing the article?

- A. To sell healthy food to new students.
- B. To get students ready to gain fifteen pounds.
- C. To help new university students not to add harmful pounds.

- D. To show the mistakes students make in studying.
58. Which of the following is not mentioned in the article?
- A. Choosing unhealthy food.
 B. Visiting the kitchen while studying.
 C. Getting fast food at night.
 D. Eating too much chocolate.
59. What does the writer suggest a first-year college student doing?
- A. Having fruit before dinner.
 B. Not having fast food.
 C. Taking time to do sports.
 D. Just eating vegetables.
60. According to the article, which idea would the writer agree to?
- A. You'd better not eat unhealthy food.
 B. Healthy foods can help gain weight.
 C. Gaining weight can help you study better.
 D. University kitchens serve healthy food.

(D)

Doing experiments can be interesting, and you may try the following experiments. Make sure that you'll do them with an adult.



61. How many experiments are there in the pictures?
- A. Two. B. Three. C. Six. D. Nine.

第三节 书面表达（共 1 小题，满分 15 分）

母亲节即将到来，学校将组织一个“感恩母爱”的交流活动，请你根据以下内容，写一封邮件给妈妈，表达你的爱、感激与心里话。

- 1) 尽量覆盖内容要点；
- 2) 词数 80 词左右（开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数）；
- 3) 文中不要提及你真实的校名和人名。

要 点	内 容
感谢养育之恩	★ 关心，照顾； ★ 困难时，给予支持。
想说的话	★ 过去不理解父母，让父母担心（如，经常看电视等... ..）； ★ 感到抱歉。
祝愿

Dear mother,

Mother's Day is coming, I'd like to say something to you.



Love,
Babe