

2019 学年第二学期天河区部分学校前测
九年级英语

本试卷共四大题，12 页，满分 110 分。考试时间为 120 分钟

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必在答题卡上用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔填写自己的学校、考生号、姓名、座位号，再用 2B 铅笔把对应的标号涂黑。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需要改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域的相应位置上；如需要改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案，改动的答案也不能超出指定的区域；不准使用铅笔、圆珠笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁，考试结束，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

一、语法选择（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，从 1~15 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

One evening, I went out for a walk on the path near my house with my husband. I wore a ring 1 a beautiful diamond. It was a special ring 2 my grandmother gave me for my 23rd birthday. At the end of the path, 3 I looked down at it again, I found the diamond was missing. I started back to look for the tiny stone. In my heart, I knew 4 seemed impossible to find it. The path was long and covered with leaves. As I 5 the ground, I met an old lady. “What’s the matter, love?” She asked. I explained about the missing diamond of my ring. She said, “Tell me 6 , love. I walk along this path every day, and I’ll keep my eyes 7 for it.” I thanked her and thought it couldn’t 8 .

A few days later, my husband and I met 9 old lady on the path. “Guess what?” She said, “I found your diamond!” To our 10 , she’d found the tiny stone and was willing to hand it back to me. “ 11 lucky it was for me to find it!” When we provided her with some money, she refused 12 . I was so moved. She could have kept the diamond, or sold it, for it’s worth 13 dollars, but she didn’t.

Every time I look at my ring and remind 14 there are kind and beautiful hearts

in the world. And I'll spend the rest of my life 15 to do something like that.

1. A. on B. in C. at D. with
2. A. who B. whom C. which D. where
3. A. before B. when C. since D. if
4. A. it B. this C. that D. there
5. A. search B. would search C. am searching D. was searching
6. A. what is it like B. what it is like
C. what was it like D. what it was like
7. A. open B. opening C. opened D. opens
8. A. find B. was finding C. be found D. was found
9. A. a B. an C. the D. /
10. A. surprise B. surprised C. surprising D. surprisingly
11. A. What B. How C. What a D. How a
12. A. polite B. politely C. more polite D. more politely
13. A. several thousand B. several thousands
C. several thousands of D. several thousand of
14. A. I B. me C. mine D. myself
15. A. try B. to try C. tried D. trying

二、完形填空（共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分）

通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后在每小题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The pencil maker talked to the Pencil just before putting him into the box.

“There are 16 things you need to know before sending you out into the world,” he told the Pencil. “Always remember them, and you will become the best pencil you can be. First, you will be able to do many great things, but only if you allow yourself to be held in someone’s 17. Then you will experience a painful sharpening (削尖) 18, but it will help you to become a better pencil. Next, you will be able to correct any mistakes you might make. What’s more, the most important part of you will always be what is 19. Finally, on every piece of paper where you are used, you must leave your mark. No matter what the condition is, you must continue to 20.”

The Pencil understood and 21 to remember them, “I will follow your

advice.”

Actually, being a good person and becoming a good pencil are quite 22. Now, you are in the place of the pencil. Always remember the following words, and you will become the 23 person you can be. Firstly, you will be able to do many great things, but only if you make use of your talent and allow others to see your ability. And you will go through difficulties in life and they might be 24. But you'll need them to become stronger. Then you will be able to correct any mistakes you might make. Next, the most important part of you will always be your heart. At last, wherever you go, work hard. And no matter what the situation is, you must continue to do your 25. Believe it, each of you is a special person and your life could be really meaningful as long as you want to.


- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 16. A. four | B. five | C. ten | D. eight |
| 17. A. pocket | B. bag | C. hand | D. mouth |
| 18. A. from now on | | B. from year to year | |
| | C. from then on | | D. from time to time |
| 19. A. inside | B. outside | C. indoors | D. outdoors |
| 20. A. correct | B. listen | C. watch | D. write |
| 21. A. disagreed | B. promised | C. failed | D. prepared |
| 22. A. same | B. opposite | C. similar | D. possible |
| 23. A. best | B. cleverest | C. worst | D. hardest |
| 24. A. embarrassing | B. unpleasant | C. surprising | D. useful |
| 25. A. researches | B. activities | C. duties | D. projects |

三、阅读（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中，选出最佳选项并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

(A)

 <p>Andy</p>	<p>Austin or San Antonio?</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Hi! I live in Mexico and am planning to visit my uncle in Dallas, Texas, next month. I'd like to visit Austin or San Antonio for a few days. I like the outdoor activities, local music, good food, friendly people, etc. Are both cities safe? Any tips are welcome.</p> <p> Share 0  Favorites 0  Support 0  Oppose 0 </p> <p>post time: May 16 19:06</p>
 <p>Rocker</p>	<p>I'm a musician and live in Austin. I think the music here is the best in Texas. In fact, Austin's nickname is "The live music capital of the world." I can send you the names of some cool music clubs. We have fantastic restaurants here, too.</p> <p> post time: May 16 19:23</p>
 <p>Biker 68</p>	<p>Definitely visit San Antonio. The river walk is one of the most popular things for visitors to do. There's a lot to do outdoors here, too. And everyone in Texas is every friendly. See my photos.</p> <p> post time: May 16 20:54</p>
 <p>Susan</p>	<p>I disagree with Rocker. I think music is better in San Antonio. I have lived in both cities. There is a lot to do outdoors in Austin, but there is just more to do in San Antonio.</p> <p> post time: May 16 23:09</p>
 <p>Richard</p>	<p>Both cities are safe, so don't worry. I live in Houston. It's the largest city in Texas. You should visit here instead. Read my travel blog at richard23cub.ore.</p> <p> post time: May 17 8:45</p>
 <p>Traveler</p>	<p>San Antonio has the best food in Texas. Do you like Tex-Mex food? You should go in spring or fall (Summer is hot!). I suggest travelling by bus. It's not expensive.</p> <p> post time: May 17 10:31</p>

2010, she entered Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT).

At first, she had to wait to be accepted into the school, but once Professors Allen Haggerty and Earll Murman watched her video and they had no doubt. After just three years at MIT, she has already achieved the highest possible grade point - an average (平均) of 5.0.

She is now studying further at Harvard University, with full academic freedom(学术自由). Once again she is only 23 years old.

What's even more amazing is that she is no longer interested in building planes but has turned her attention to physics, namely black holes and how gravity has an effect on space and time—that is why she is being compared to Einstein and Hawking. And she records all of her work on her website *Physicsgirl*.

During an interview earlier this year she said, “Look on the bright sides about what you believe you can do. When you're little, you say a lot of things about what you'll do or be when you're older—I think it's important not to forget those dreams. You must hold on your dreams and have a strong will. Work hard and never give up. Your dreams will come true finally!”

31. Why does the writer mention Einstein and Hawking at the beginning?

- A. To remember the two scientists.
- B. To compare the two scientists.
- C. To bring out the main character.
- D. To introduce their achievements.

32. What helps Pasterski get a chance to study at MIT?

- A. Her further study in Harvard.
- B. Her highest average grade point of 5.0.
- C. Her ability of making videos on Youtube.
- D. Her video of making and flying her plane.

33. What is the right order of the events about Pasterski?

- a. Study at Harvard University.
- b. Wait to be accepted by MIT.
- c. Achieve an average of 5.0 grade point.
- d. Finish her study in IMSA in 2010.
- e. Make a single engine airplane alone.

- A. e-d-c-b-a.
- B. e-d-b-c-a.
- C. d-e-c-a-b.
- D. d-e-a-c-b.

34. What is even more amazing about Pasterski?

- A. She has full academic freedom at Harvard.

- B. She records all of her work on her website.
 - C. She becomes the youngest person to fly a plane.
 - D. She is interested in some special fields of physics.
35. Which is important for people to succeed according to Pasterski?
- A. Being friendly and strong-minded.
 - B. Being positive and strong-minded
 - C. Being friendly and hard-working.
 - D. Being interesting and hard-working.

(C)

Why would someone decide to stop eating? We know that the body needs food in order to work well. However, many people **fast** at some time during their lives. Why is this?

Some people fast for political reasons. In the early 20th century, women in England and the United States weren't allowed to vote (投票). So many women went on fast. They hoped that fasting would bring attention to it. Mohandas Gandhi, the famous Indian leader, fasted 17 times during his life. In 1943, he fasted to bring attention to his country's need for independence (独立). For 21 days, he went without food. Another famous faster was Cesar Chavez. In the 1960s, he fasted for three weeks to bring attention to the terrible working conditions of farm workers in the United States.

Fasting is also a practice in many religions(宗教). Every year during the month of Ramadan, which is a religious holiday, Muslims(穆斯林) fast from sunrise to sunset. Many Indians fast at special time, and there was also a fasting holiday in ancient China.

Of course, not everyone fasts for political or religious reasons. People sometimes fast just because it makes them feel better. The American writer Mark Twain thought fasting was the best medicine for common illnesses. Whenever he had a cold or a fever, he stopped eating completely. He said that this always made his cold or fever go away. Another American writer, Upton Sinclair, discovered fasting after years of eating too much and headaches. His first fast lasted for 12 days. During this time, his headaches and stomachaches went away. Sinclair said that fasting also made him more energetic.

Choosing to go without food can be very dangerous. However, that doesn't stop people from fasting for political, religious, or health reasons.

36. The underlined word "**fast**" in Paragraph 1 most probably means "_____".

- A. lose weight
- B. go on a diet
- C. refuse to eat food
- D. refuse to eat quickly

37. Mohandas Gandhi fasted in 1943 for _____ .

- A. a religious holiday for Muslims
- B. getting more energy and healthy
- C. India's need for independence
- D. women's voting rights in England

38. Which fasting is for health reason?

- A. Upton Sinclair fasted for 12 days.
- B. Mohandas Gandhi fasted in 1943.
- C. Cesar Chavez fasted for three weeks.
- D. Muslims fast from sunrise to sunset.

39. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Women like to go on fasting for politics.
- B. You will be very famous if you fast for religions.
- C. Fasting sometimes may be good for your health.
- D. You needn't take any medicine if you fast when you're ill.

40. What may be the best title of the passage?

- A. Results of fasting.
- B. Ways of fasting.
- C. Advantages of fasting.
- D. Reasons for fasting.

(D)

Have you ever wanted to sing on stage with your favourite singer, or go to Mars? With virtual reality (虚拟现实), you might be able to do these without even leaving your home. Unlike real reality, virtual reality means completely imaginary (虚拟的) worlds, using high-performance computers, special glasses and gloves.

Virtual Reality (VR) has been with us for many years – at least as an idea. Although it's hard to tell who is the father of this technology, history suggests that it could have been the fruit of not one but at least five key people with different inventions. Thanks to these inventors, the technology has now come into use. Virtual reality is an example of VR technology. It changes the way we communicate experiences in the same way the Internet has changed the way we communicate information.

Indeed, VR has become a worldwide reality, with different usages from computer games to medicine, engineering, scientific research, and so on. For example, medical learners are able to train through VR to deal with all kinds of injuries. Designers can

check every corner of their buildings and make preparations. And if you are heading to Mars, a trip in VR can help you “see” what you will find before getting there.

One example was a doctor who practised an operation on a baby’s heart. With this he could plan out his operation ahead of time, and helped save the baby.

VR will make the world even smaller and of course it’s going to bring us closer together. However, virtual reality has some bad effects. **The first big danger is disconnection from the real world.** People may become less interested in their real lives. Besides this, too much use of VR equipment can create some physical and mental (精神的) dangers. Loss of one’s sense of direction and position, sea sickness and headaches are some signs of the illnesses after using VR equipment for long periods.

41. What is NOT TRUE about virtual reality (VR)?
- A. VR can help you sing with your favourite singer.
 - B. VR can help you go to Mars without leaving home.
 - C. VR means experiencing something in imaginary worlds.
 - D. VR can help you make high-performance computers and gloves.
42. We can learn from Paragraph 2 that _____.
- A. VR is the result of a group of inventions and ideas
 - B. VR is changing the way we communicate information
 - C. it has taken many years to come up with the idea of VR
 - D. it is possible to discover what people dream about with VR
43. According to the passage, VR can be used to _____.
- A. connect with real reality well
 - B. discover new planets in space
 - C. help doctors practise operations
 - D. build houses without preparations
44. What can we learn from the underlined sentence in the last paragraph?
- A. VR changes the real world.
 - B. VR makes the real world worse.
 - C. VR makes people lose the real world.
 - D. VR keeps people away from the real world.
45. The writer probably agrees that _____.
- A. VR is a door to the real world
 - B. VR is like a coin with two sides
 - C. VR is responsible for increasing mental problems
 - D. it is harder to communicate experiences through VR

第二节阅读填空（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

阅读短文及文后选项，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

When I was young, I often had to help on the farm. I did not grow up in a family with books. 46 My experience of being a reader was quite amazing. I got lost in one book that opened up my world and changed my life.

My primary school teacher always gave her pupils time to read for pleasure at school. She believed it would improve reading greatly. 47 It was a biography(传记) of the actress Greta Garbo. I picked it up and began to read from cover to cover. The words attracted me and I was excited. I realized there were other women like Greta who had made great efforts and changed their lives. I got to know myself in her.

From then on, my teacher kept providing me with books. She dug up all the biographies of women she could find. 48

As time went by, I knew knowledge could help me reach my destination(目的地) wherever I wanted to go. 49 But with the company of books, you might find it easier.

I am now a physics professor in a university. 50 Recently, someone gave me Justice Sonia Sotomayor's autobiography. Once again, I am encouraged and am imagining new possibilities for my life.

- A. Sometimes it might be a long and tiring way to get to the destination.
- B. Their stories were like road maps helping me to see where I could go on with my life.
- C. In my home, there was neither time nor energy to read.
- D. Reading still plays an important role in my life.
- E. One day, she put a book on my desk.

四、写作（共三节，35分）

第一节 单词拼写（共6小题；每小题1分，满分6分）

根据下列句子意思及所给的首字母写出句中所缺单词。在填写答卷时，要求写出完整单词。（每空只写一词）

51. We all laughed a lot because of his j_____.

52. The girl who was sitting on the ground looked p_____ and tired. She needed help.

53. Take good care of your kids! These diseases are more common a_____ young children.

54. Don't forget to l _____ the door when you leave the classroom.
55. She spoke to her husband q _____ because the baby just fell asleep.
56. Could you please r _____ me about the time of the meeting? I have forgotten it.

第二节 完成句子 (共 7 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 14 分)

根据所给的汉语内容, 用英语完成下列句子。(每空只写一词)

57. 医生告诉我们要避免吃太多糖。

Doctors told us to _____ too much sugar.

58. 他努力学习, 不想让父母失望。

He studied hard because he didn't want to _____ his parents _____.

59. 我们赢了比赛! 多么激动人心的消息啊!

We won the game! _____ it is!

60. 他很少运动, 父母很担心他的健康。

He seldom does exercise, so his parents _____ his health.

61. 我想知道他是否能通过这场考试。

I _____ he _____ this test.

62. 我会一直等, 直到我妈妈回来。

I _____ my mum _____ she comes back.

63. 他们昨天被邀请去分享他们的想法。

They _____ their ideas yesterday.

第三节 书面表达 (共 1 小题, 满分 15 分)

学校有外国友人来访, 你作为宣传大使向外国友人介绍广州。请根据以下提示介绍广州的母亲河—珠江。

<p>全国第三长: 广州段有1200多米</p>	 The Pearl River	<p>江面: 10座桥 两岸: 高楼、绿树</p>
<p>保护珠江: 1. 制止工厂污染水源 2. ... (补充1个做法)</p>		<p>活动: 1. 珠江夜游 2. ... (补充1个活动)</p>

参考词汇：take a night cruise 乘船夜游

注意：

1) 80-120 个词左右（文章开头、结尾已给出，不计入词数，请根据要点适当发挥）；

2) 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息，否则不予评分。

Good morning, everyone. It's my great honour to introduce the Pearl River to you. _____

Thanks for your attention. I am sure you will have a wonderful time if you visit it.